

# **Apollo Scientific**

Part Number: **PC908643** Version No: **1.1** Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Annex II of REACH (1907/2006) - Regulation 2020/878)

#### Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2 Issue Date: 03/05/2023 Print Date: 03/05/2023

S.REACH.GB-NIR.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product name 4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole		
Chemical Name	4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	
CAS number	nber 955978-75-3*	

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

## 1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Apollo Scientific		
Address	Whitefield Road, Bredbury SK62QR United Kingdom		
Telephone	01614060505		
Fax	0161 406 0506		
Website	http://www.apolloscientific.co.uk/		
Email	sales@apolloscientific.co.uk		

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	

#### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008       H335 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3, H317 - Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1A Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2         Legend:       1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI			
Hazard pictogram(s)			

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## 4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole

H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H317	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	

#### **Supplementary Phrases**

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P261     Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.       P264     Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.	

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P302+P352       IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.         P305+P351+P338       IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.		
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		

#### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards

REACH - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

P501

#### 3.1.Substances

1.CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments	SCL / M-Factor	Nanoform Particle Characteristics
Not Available	100	4-Bromo- 2-(trifluoromethyl)- 1H-indole	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Available

Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 3. Classification drawn from C&L; \* EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

#### 3.2.Mixtures

See 'Information on ingredients' in section 3.1

## **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	<ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: <ul> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
	• Alter Fire Drivede and tell them leaving and active of beyond

Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Non combustible.</li> <li>Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.</li> <li>May emit corrosive fumes.</li> </ul>

#### SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures See section 8

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.</li> <li>Wipe up.</li> <li>Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>Stop leak if safe to do so.</li> <li>Contain spill with sand, earth or verniculite.</li> <li>Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.</li> <li>Neutralise/decontaminate residue (see Section 13 for specific agent).</li> <li>Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.</li> <li>Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.</li> <li>After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using.</li> <li>If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.</li> </ul>

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

1. Precautions for safe handli Safe handling	Iing <ul> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Avoid contact with moisture.</li> <li>Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> </ul>
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	<ul> <li>Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> <li>Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.</li> </ul>		
Fire and explosion protection	See section 5		
Other information			
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities		
Suitable container	<ul> <li>Polyethylene or polypropylene container.</li> <li>Packing as recommended by manufacturer.</li> <li>Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul>		
Storage incompatibility	None known <ul> <li>Air Sensitive</li> <li>Light sensitive</li> <li>Store under argon</li> </ul>		
Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Not Available		
Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of	Not Available		

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient	DNELs Exposure Pattern Worker	PNECs Compartment
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

\* Values for General Population

## Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

## INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Not Available						

Not Applicable

Emergency Limits				
Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)- 1H-indole	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)- 1H-indole	Not Available		Not Available	

## 8.2. Exposure controls

<ul> <li>8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls</li> <li>8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls</li> <li>a.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls</li> <li>a.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls</li> <li>b.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls</li> <li>controls</li> <li>controls</li></ul>	n of a If risk of arehouse
Type of Contaminant: Air Speed	
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air). 0.25-0.5 r (50-100 f/	
aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation) 0.5-1 m/s f/min.)	(100-200
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion) f/min.)	(200-500

	very high rapid air motion).	enerated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)	
	Within each range the appropriate value depends on:			
	Lower end of the range Upper end of the range			
	1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents		
	2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxicity		
	3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use		
	4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only		
	with the square of distance from the extraction point (in sim accordingly, after reference to distance from the contamina 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min) for extraction of solvents generated	nce away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Veloc pple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point sh ting source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example d in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other m atus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multip	ould be adjusted, e, should be a minimum o lechanical considerations	
8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment				
Eye and face protection	the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and ar their removal and suitable equipment should be readily remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens shou	ct lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written polic created for each workplace or task. This should include a rev n account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personne y available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrig Id be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - I nands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 5	view of lens absorption el should be trained in ation immediately and ens should be removed i	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below			
Hands/feet protection	<ul> <li>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in adv and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.</li> <li>The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed where the and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfurmed moisturiser is recommended.</li> <li>Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include: <ul> <li>requency and duration of contact.</li> <li>chemical resistance of glove material,</li> <li>glove thickness and</li> <li>dexterity</li> </ul> </li> <li>Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent).</li> <li>When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.1.0.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.</li> <li>When only biref contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.1.0.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.</li> <li>Some glove polymer types are less affected by movement and this should be taken into account when considering gloves for long-term u</li> <li>Contaminated gloves should be replaced.</li> <li>Bore glove material degrades</li> <li>For general applications, gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm, are recommended.</li> <li>It should be emphasised that glove with kinkess typically greater than 0.35 mm, are recommended.</li> <li>Therefore, the glove will also be based or consideriation of the glove model. Therefore, the manufactures te data should always be taken into account on the exax coroug</li></ul>		e calculated in advance to be observed when , hands should be time greater than 240 minutes according to EN ves for long-term use. cal, as the permeation Id also be based on e manufacturers technica ample: r, these gloves are only the there is abrasion or	
	Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber Control of the second state in the second state in the second state in the second state is the second state in the second state is the second state in the second state is the second s			
Body protection	See Other protection below			
Other protection	<ul> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>P.V.C apron.</li> <li>Barrier cream.</li> <li>Skin cleansing cream.</li> <li>Eye wash unit.</li> </ul>			

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#### See section 12

## **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Not Available	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Nanoform Solubility	Not Available	Nanoform Particle Characteristics	Not Available
Particle Size	Not Available		

#### 9.2. Other information

Not Available

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2. Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2
10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.

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## 4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole

Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in s	ome persons.				
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to pr models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should b		health (as classified by EC Directives using animal			
4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)-	TOXICITY IRRITATION					
	Not Available	Not Available				
Legend:		1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances				
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×			
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×			
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	✓			
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	*	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×			
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×			
			not available or does not fill the criteria for classification ole to make classification			

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

#### 11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

## **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
4-Bromo-2-(trifluoromethyl)- 1H-indole	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Ecotox databa	,	CHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Info C Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japar	, ,	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	Р	В	т	
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
PBT	×	×	×	
vPvB	X	×	×	
PBT Criteria fulfilled?			No	
vPvB			No	

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	<ul> <li>Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.</li> <li>A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate: <ul> <li>Reduction</li> <li>Reuse</li> <li>Recycling</li> <li>Disposal (if all else fails)</li> </ul> </li> <li>This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.</li> <li>DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.</li> <li>It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.</li> <li>In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.</li> <li>Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.</li> <li>Recycle wherever possible.</li> <li>Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.</li> <li>Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).</li> <li>Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.</li> </ul>
Waste treatment options	Not Available
Sewage disposal options	Not Available

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

Labels Required	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

## Land transport (ADR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1.	UN number or ID number	Not Applicable		
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3.	Transport hazard	Class	Not Applicab	le
	class(es)	Subsidiary risk	Not Applicab	le
14.4.	Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5.	Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
		Hazard identificat	ion (Kemler)	Not Applicable
		Classification cod	е	Not Applicable
14.6. Special precautions for				
14.6.	Special precautions for	Hazard Label		Not Applicable
14.6.	Special precautions for user	Hazard Label Special provisions	6	Not Applicable Not Applicable
14.6.	· ·		5	

## Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable			
14.3. Transport hazard	ICAO/IATA Class	Not Applicable Not Applicable		
class(es)	ERG Code	Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	Special provisions		Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Packing In	structions	Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Maximum	Qty / Pack	Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo	Packing Instructions	Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo	Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable	

#### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class     Not Applicable       IMDG Subrisk     Not Applicable
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS NumberNot ApplicableSpecial provisionsNot ApplicableLimited QuantitiesNot Applicable

#### Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable				
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable				
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable No	Applicable			
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable				
14.6. Special precautions for	Classification code	Not Applicable			
	Limited quantity	Not Applicable			
user	Equipment required	Not Applicable			
	Fire cones number	Not Applicable			

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

#### 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

#### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group			
14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code				
Product name	Ship Type			

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

#### Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):

Seveso Category	Not Available
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### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

## ECHA SUMMARY

Not Applicable

## **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Not Available
Canada - DSL	Not Available
Canada - NDSL	Not Available
China - IECSC	Not Available
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Not Available
Japan - ENCS	Not Available
Korea - KECI	Not Available
New Zealand - NZIoC	Not Available

National Inventory	Status
Philippines - PICCS	Not Available
USA - TSCA	Not Available
Taiwan - TCSI	Not Available
Mexico - INSQ	Not Available
Vietnam - NCI	Not Available
Russia - FBEPH	Not Available
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	03/05/2023
Initial Date	15/05/2022

#### Full text Risk and Hazard codes

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered. For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

#### Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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