

## **Apollo Scientific**

Part Number: **PC8069** Version No: **1.1** Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Annex II of REACH (1907/2006) - Regulation 2020/878) Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: **15/05/2022** Print Date: **01/08/2023** S.REACH.GBR.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### 1.1. Product Identifier

| Product name                     | 5-Fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical Name                    | 5-Fluoro-2-(tri?uoromethyl)pyridine  |  |  |  |  |
| Synonyms                         | Not Available  |  |  |  |  |
| Proper shipping name             | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa); FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa); FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. |  |  |  |  |
| Chemical formula                 | Not Available  |  |  |  |  |
| Other means of<br>identification | Not Available  |  |  |  |  |
| CAS number                       | 936841-73-5*   |  |  |  |  |

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Not Available                                    |
|--------------------------|--|
| Uses advised against     | No specific uses advised against are identified. |

#### 1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | Apollo Scientific                               |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Address                 | Nhitefield Road, Bredbury SK62QR United Kingdom |  |  |  |
| Telephone               | 614060505                                       |  |  |  |
| Fax                     | 0161 406 0506                                   |  |  |  |
| Website                 | http://www.apolloscientific.co.uk/              |  |  |  |
| Email                   | sales@apolloscientific.co.uk                    |  |  |  |

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation        | Not Available |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Emergency telephone<br>numbers    | Not Available |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available |

#### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to regulation (EC) No H225 - Flammable Liquids Category 2, H335 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3, H315 - Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H319 - Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2

| 1272/2008 [CLP] and                           |  |
|---|--|
| 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments <sup>[1]</sup> |  |
| Legend:                                       | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI |

## 2.2. Label elements

| Hazard pictogram(s) |        |  |
|---------------------|--------|--|
|                     |        |  |
| Signal word         | Danger |  |

## Hazard statement(s)

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |  |  |
|------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation.   |  |  |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.             |  |  |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.      |  |  |

#### Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

#### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |  |  |  |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  |  |  |  |
| P240 | Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.   |  |  |  |
| P241 | e explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.                |  |  |  |
| P242 | lse non-sparking tools.  |  |  |  |
| P243 | Take action to prevent static discharges.  |  |  |  |
| P261 | Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.  |  |  |  |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.               |  |  |  |
| P264 | Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.                                |  |  |  |

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

| P370+P378      | In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish.  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |  |  |  |  |
| P312           | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.  |  |  |  |  |
| P337+P313      | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  |  |  |  |  |
| P302+P352      | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.   |  |  |  |  |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].                         |  |  |  |  |
| P304+P340      | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.   |  |  |  |  |
| P332+P313      | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.   |  |  |  |  |
| P362+P364      | Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.   |  |  |  |  |
|                |  |  |  |  |  |

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| P405      | Store locked up.                             |  |  |

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

## 2.3. Other hazards

REACH - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### 3.1.Substances

| 1. CAS No<br>2.EC No<br>3.Index No<br>4.REACH No | %[weight] | Name                                     | Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments | SCL /<br>M-Factor | Nanoform Particle<br>Characteristics |
|--|-----------|--|---|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Not Available                                    | 100       | 5-Fluoro-<br>2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine | Not Applicable  | Not<br>Applicable | Not Available                        |

Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 3. Classification drawn from C&L; \* EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

#### 3.2.Mixtures

See 'Information on ingredients' in section 3.1

## **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact  | <ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul> |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | <ul> <li>If skin or hair contact occurs:</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>  |
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>   |
| Ingestion    | <ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>   |

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may<br>result |
|----------------------|---|
|----------------------|---|

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

| Fire Fighting         |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | <ul> <li>Liquid and vapour are highly flammable.</li> <li>Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat, flame and/or oxidisers.</li> <li>Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>Combustion products include:</li> </ul> |

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | <ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> <li>Contain and absorb small quantities with vermiculite or other absorbent material.</li> <li>Wipe up.</li> <li>Collect residues in a flammable waste container.</li> </ul> |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills |   |

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling                    | <ul> <li>Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours.</li> <li>Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.</li> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> <li>DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.</li> <li>Avoid smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.</li> <li>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Vapour may ignite on pumping or pouring due to static electricity.</li> <li>DO NOT use plastic buckets.</li> <li>Earth and secure metal containers when dispensing or pouring product.</li> <li>Use spark-free tools when handling.</li> <li>Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>Work clothes should be laundered separately.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> <li>Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Fire and explosion<br>protection | See section 5  |  |  |  |
| Other information                | <ul> <li>Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area.</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.</li> <li>DO NOT store in pits, depression, basement or areas where vapours may be trapped.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>Store away from incompatible materials in a cool, dry well ventilated area.</li> <li>Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this MSDS.</li> <li>Tank storage: Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation, which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions.</li> <li>Keep in a cool place. Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk. The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable.</li> <li>For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Examples of suitable materials are: high density polyethylene (HDPE), polypropylene (PP), and Viton (FMK), which have been specifically tested for compatibility with this product.</li> <li>For container linings, use amine-adduct cured epoxy paint.</li> <li>For seals and gaskets use: graphite, PTFE, Viton A, Viton B.</li> <li>Unsuitable material: Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Examples of materials to avoid are: natural rubber (NR), nitrile rubber (NBR), ethylene propylene rubber (EPDM), polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyisobutylene. However, some may be suitable for glove materials.</li> <li>Do n</li></ul> |  |  |  |

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container  | <ul> <li>Packing as supplied by manufacturer.</li> <li>Plastic containers may only be used if approved for flammable liquid.</li> <li>Check that containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> <li>For low viscosity materials (i) : Drums and jerry cans must be of the non-removable head type. (ii) : Where a can is to be used as an inner package, the can must have a screwed enclosure.</li> <li>For materials with a viscosity of at least 2680 cSt. (23 deg. C)</li> <li>For manufactured product having a viscosity of at least 250 cSt. (23 deg. C)</li> <li>Manufactured product that requires stirring before use and having a viscosity of at least 20 cSt (25 deg. C): (i) Removable head packaging; (ii) Cans with friction closures and (iii) low pressure tubes and cartridges may be used.</li> <li>Where combination packages are used, and the inner packages are of glass, there must be sufficient inert cushioning material in contact with inner and outer packages</li> <li>In addition, where inner packagings are glass and contain liquids of packing group I there must be sufficient inert absorbent to absorb any spillage, unless the outer packaging is a close fitting moulded plastic box and the substances are not incompatible with the plastic.</li> </ul> |  |
|---|--|--|
| Storage incompatibility   | <ul> <li>Avoid reaction with oxidising agents</li> <li>Store under argon</li> </ul>  |  |
| Hazard categories in<br>accordance with<br>Regulation (EC) No<br>1272/2008  | P5a: Flammable Liquids, P5b: Flammable Liquids, P5c: Flammable Liquids   |  |
| Qualifying quantity<br>(tonnes) of dangerous<br>substances as referred to<br>in Article 3(10) for the<br>application of | P5a Lower- / Upper-tier requirements: 10 / 50<br>P5b Lower- / Upper-tier requirements: 50 / 200<br>P5c Lower- / Upper-tier requirements: 5 000 / 50 000  |  |

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

## **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

| Ingredient    | DNELs<br>Exposure Pattern Worker | PNECs<br>Compartment |  |
|---------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Not Available | Not Available                    | Not Available        |  |

\* Values for General Population

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)**

#### INGREDIENT DATA

| Source        | Ingredient    | Material name | TWA           | STEL          | Peak          | Notes         |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Not Available |

Not Applicable

#### Emergency Limits

| Ingredient                               | TEEL-1        | TEEL-2        |               | TEEL-3        |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 5-Fluoro-<br>2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine | Not Available | Not Available |               | Not Available |
| Ingredient                               | Original IDLH |               | Revised IDLH  |               |
| 5-Fluoro-<br>2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine | Not Available |               | Not Available |               |

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

 8.2.1. Appropriate
 Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

 The basic types of engineering controls are:
 Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

 Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation

that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure. For flammable liquids and flammable gases, local exhaust ventilation or a process enclosure ventilation system may be required. Ventilation equipment should be explosion-resistant. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant. Type of Contaminant: Air Speed: 0.25-0.5 m/s solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air). (50-100 f/min.) 0.5-1 m/s aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, (100-200 spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation) f/min.) 1-2.5 m/s direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (200-500 (active generation into zone of rapid air motion) f/min.) Within each range the appropriate value depends on: Lower end of the range Upper end of the range 1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture 1: Disturbing room air currents 2: Contaminants of high toxicity 2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only. 3: Intermittent, low production 3: High production, heavy use 4: Large hood or large air mass in motion 4: Small hood-local control only Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used Adequate ventilation is typically taken to be that which limits the average concentration to no more than 25% of the LEL within the building, room or enclosure containing the dangerous substance. · Ventilation for plant and machinery is normally considered adequate if it limits the average concentration of any dangerous substance that might potentially be present to no more than 25% of the LEL. However, an increase up to a maximum 50% LEL can be acceptable where additional safeguards are provided to prevent the formation of a hazardous explosive atmosphere. For example, gas detectors linked to emergency shutdown of the process might be used together with maintaining or increasing the exhaust ventilation on solvent evaporating ovens and gas turbine enclosures. · Temporary exhaust ventilation systems may be provided for non-routine higher-risk activities, such as cleaning, repair or maintenance in tanks or other confined spaces or in an emergency after a release. The work procedures for such activities should be carefully considered. The atmosphere should be continuously monitored to ensure that ventilation is adequate and the area remains safe. Where workers will enter the space, the ventilation should ensure that the concentration of the dangerous substance does not exceed 10% of the LEL (irrespective of the provision of suitable breathing apparatus) 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent] Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should Eye and face protection include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eve irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59]. Skin protection See Hand protection below Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Hands/feet protection Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber Body protection See Other protection below • Overalls. PVC Apron.

Other protection

- PVC protective suit may be required if exposure severe.
   Eyewash unit.
  - Ensure there is ready access to a safety shower.

Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.
For large scale or continuous use wear tight-weave non-static clothing (no metallic fasteners, cuffs or pockets).
Non sparking safety or conductive footwear should be considered. Conductive footwear describes a boot or shoe with a sole made from a conductive compound chemically bound to the bottom components, for permanent control to electrically ground the foot an shall dissipate static electricity from the body to reduce the possibility of ignition of volatile compounds. Electrical resistance must range between 0 to 500,000 ohms. Conductive shoes should be stored in lockers close to the room in which they are worn. Personnel who have been issued conductive footwear should not wear them from their place of work to their homes and return.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

#### **SECTION 9** Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                                      | Not Available     |  |               |
|---|-------------------|--|---------------|
|   |                   |  |               |
| Physical state                                  | Liquid            | Relative density (Water =<br>1)            | Not Available |
| Odour   | Not Available     | Partition coefficient<br>n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold                                 | Not Available     | Auto-ignition temperature<br>(°C)          | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied)                                | Not Available     | Decomposition<br>temperature (°C)          | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing<br>point (°C)          | Not Available     | Viscosity (cSt)                            | Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range (°C) | 101               | Molecular weight (g/mol)                   | Not Available |
| Flash point (°C)                                | 14.9              | Taste                                      | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate                                | Not Available     | Explosive properties                       | Not Available |
| Flammability                                    | HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. | Oxidising properties                       | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%)                       | Not Available     | Surface Tension (dyn/cm<br>or mN/m)        | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%)                       | Not Available     | Volatile Component (%vol)                  | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa)                           | Not Available     | Gas group                                  | Not Available |
| Solubility in water                             | Not Available     | pH as a solution (1%)                      | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1)                        | 1.371             | VOC g/L                                    | Not Available |
| Nanoform Solubility                             | Not Available     | Nanoform Particle<br>Characteristics       | Not Available |
| Particle Size                                   | Not Available     |  |               |

## 9.2. Other information

Not Available

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

| 10.1.Reactivity                             | See section 7.2  |
|---|--|
| 10.2. Chemical stability                    | <ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
| 10.3. Possibility of<br>hazardous reactions | See section 7.2  |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid                   | See section 7.2  |
| 10.5. Incompatible<br>materials             | See section 7.2  |

## Page 8 of 12 5-Fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

See section 5.3

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Information on toxicological effects

|                             | -   |               |  |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| Inhaled                     | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. |               |  |
| Ingestion                   | The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.  |               |  |
| Skin Contact                | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.             |               |  |
| Eye                         | This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.  |               |  |
| Chronic                     | Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.  |               |  |
|                             | 1   |               |  |
| 5-Fluoro-                   | ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ  | IRRITATION    |  |
| 2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine | Not Available   | Not Available |  |
| Legend:                     | <ol> <li>Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS.<br/>Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances</li> </ol>  |               |  |

| Acute Toxicity                    | × | Carcinogenicity          | × |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion         | × | Reproductivity           | × |
| Serious Eye<br>Damage/Irritation  | * | STOT - Single Exposure   | * |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | × | STOT - Repeated Exposure | × |
| Mutagenicity                      | × | Aspiration Hazard        | × |

Legend: X – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✔ – Data available to make classification

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

#### 11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

## **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

| E Elucar                                 | Endpoint   | Test Duration (hr) | Species       | Value            | Source           |
|--|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| 5-Fluoro-<br>2-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine | Not<br>Available   | Not Available      | Not Available | Not<br>Available | Not<br>Available |
| Legend:                                  | Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity<br>4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) -<br>Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data |                    |               |                  |                  |

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil               | Persistence: Air                      |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation                       |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility                              |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

|                         | Р             | В             | т             |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Relevant available data | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| PBT                     | ×             | ×             | ×             |
| vPvB                    | ×             | ×             | ×             |
| PBT Criteria fulfilled? |               |               | No            |
| vPvB                    |               |               | No            |

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

| Product / Packaging<br>disposal | <ul> <li>Recycle wherever possible.</li> <li>Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.</li> <li>Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or Incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).</li> <li>Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.</li> </ul> |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Waste treatment options         | Not Available  |
| Sewage disposal options         | Not Available  |

#### **SECTION 14 Transport information**

## Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO  |
|------------------|-----|
| HAZCHEM          | •3Y |

## Land transport (ADR-RID)

| 14.1. UN number or ID number     | 1993   |      |  |
|----------------------------------|--|------|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name    | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa); FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa); FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. |      |  |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | Class 3<br>Subsidiary risk Not Applic  | able |  |
| 14.4. Packing group              | III  |      |  |

| Not Applicable                 |   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Hazard identification (Kemler) | 30  |  |
| Classification code            | F1  |  |
| Hazard Label                   | 3   |  |
| Special provisions             | 274 601   |  |
| Limited quantity               | 5 L   |  |
| Tunnel Restriction Code        | 3 (D/E) 3 (E)   |  |
|                                | Hazard identification (Kemler)<br>Classification code<br>Hazard Label<br>Special provisions<br>Limited quantity |  |

## Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

| 14.1. UN number                       | 1993                                     |                                       |       |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------|--|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name         | Flammable liquid, n.o.s. *               |                                       |       |  |  |
|                                       | ICAO/IATA Class 3                        |                                       |       |  |  |
| 14.3. Transport hazard<br>class(es)   | ICAO / IATA Subrisk                      | Not Applicable                        |       |  |  |
| Class(CS)                             | ERG Code 3L                              |                                       |       |  |  |
| 14.4. Packing group                   | Ш  | 111                                   |       |  |  |
| 14.5. Environmental<br>hazard         | Not Applicable                           |                                       |       |  |  |
|                                       | Special provisions                       |                                       | A3    |  |  |
|                                       | Cargo Only Packing Instructions          |                                       | 366   |  |  |
|                                       | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack            |                                       | 220 L |  |  |
| 14.6. Special precautions<br>for user | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions |                                       | 355   |  |  |
|                                       | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack   |                                       | 60 L  |  |  |
|                                       | Passenger and Cargo                      | Limited Quantity Packing Instructions | Y344  |  |  |
|                                       | Passenger and Cargo                      | Limited Maximum Qty / Pack            | 10 L  |  |  |
|                                       |  |                                       |       |  |  |

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

| 14.1. UN number                    | 1993               | 1993                     |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIE   | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. |  |  |
| 14.3. Transport hazard             | IMDG Class 3       | IMDG Class 3             |  |  |
| class(es)                          | IMDG Subrisk N     | Not Applicable           |  |  |
| 14.4. Packing group                | III                |                          |  |  |
| 14.5. Environmental<br>hazard      | Not Applicable     |                          |  |  |
|                                    | EMS Number         | F-E, S-E                 |  |  |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | Special provisions | 223 274 955              |  |  |
|                                    | Limited Quantities | 5 L                      |  |  |

## Inland waterways transport (ADN)

| 14.1. UN number                  | 1993   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name    | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.; FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flashpoint below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa); FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flashpoint below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa) |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 Not Applicable   |
| 14.4. Packing group              | III  |
| 14.5. Environmental<br>hazard    | Not Applicable   |

| 14.6. Special precautions for user     Special provisions     274; 601       Limited quantity     5 L       Equipment required     PP, EX, A       Fire cones number     0 |     | Classification code | F1        |
|--|-----|---------------------|-----------|
| for user Equipment required PP, EX, A  |     | Special provisions  | 274; 601  |
| Equipment required PP, EX, A   | · · | Limited quantity    | 5 L       |
| Fire cones number 0  |     | Equipment required  | PP, EX, A |
|  |     | Fire cones number   | 0         |

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

## 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name  | Group |
|---|-------|
|   |       |
| 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code |       |

|  | Product name | Ship Type |  |
|--|--------------|-----------|--|
|--|--------------|-----------|--|

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

#### Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):

Seveso Category P5a, P5b, P5c

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

#### ECHA SUMMARY

Not Applicable

#### **National Inventory Status**

| gredients are on the inventory<br>AS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require |
|---|
|   |

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

| Revision Date | 15/05/2022 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date  | 15/05/2022 |

#### Full text Risk and Hazard codes

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC - TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC - STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value **BCF: BioConcentration Factors** BEI: Biological Exposure Index AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals **DSL: Domestic Substances List** NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

Powered by AuthorITe, from Chemwatch.