

PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

Page: 1 Compilation date: 06/02/2023 Revision No: 1

## Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

**CAS number:** 112-67-4

Product code: OR72265

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Itd

Units 3 & 4 Parkway Denton Manchester M34 3SG UK Tel: 01616411420

Email: alan.myers@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: -

Section 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Met. Corr. 1: H290; Skin Corr. 1B: H314

Most important adverse effects: May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H290: May be corrosive to metals. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Hazard pictograms: GHS05: Corrosion



## PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

Signal words:	Danger	
Precautionary statements:	P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
	P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
	P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting	

## 2.3. Other hazards

**PBT:** This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

# Chemical identity: PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

CAS number: 112-67-4

## Section 4: First aid measures

I.1. Description of first aid meas	Sures
Skin contact:	Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.
	Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still
	on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.
Eye contact:	Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist
	examination.
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink every 10
	minutes. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary.
	If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital
	as soon as possible.
Inhalation:	Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If
	unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure
	the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and
	provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.
4.2. Most important symptoms a	nd effects, both acute and delayed
Skin contact:	Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.
Eye contact:	Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.
Ingestion:	Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be
	bleeding from the mouth or nose.
Inhalation:	There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may
	cause coughing or wheezing.
4.3. Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Page: 2

### PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Extinguishing media:** Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Exposure hazards: Corrosive.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions:** Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Clean-up procedures:** Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Handling requirements:** Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air. Only use in fume hood

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

 Storage conditions:
 Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Moisture sensitive.

 Store under Argon.
 Store tightly closed. Moisture sensitive.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

Page: 3

#### PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

Page: 4

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: No data available.

### **DNEL/PNEC Values**

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures:Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.Respiratory protection:Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.Hand protection:Impermeable gloves.Eye protection:Tightly fitting safety goggles. Ensure eye bath is to hand.Skin protection:Impermeable protective clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State:	Liquid		
Evaporation rate:	No data available.		
Oxidising:	No data available.		
Solubility in water:	No data available.		
Viscosity:	No data available.		
Boiling point/range°C:	88-90	Melting point/range°C:	11-13
Flammability limits %: lower:	No data available.	upper:	No data available.
Flash point°C:	106	Part.coeff. n-octanol/water:	No data available.
Autoflammability°C:	No data available.	Vapour pressure:	No data available.
Relative density:	0.906	pH:	No data available.
VOC g/l:	No data available.		

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

## PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

### **Page:** 5

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Moist air. Humidity.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes.

### Section 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Relevant hazards for product:**

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Hazardous: calculated

#### Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

- **Ingestion:** Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be bleeding from the mouth or nose.
- **Inhalation:** There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.

## Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: No data available.

PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

**Page:** 6

Section 13: Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods	3.1. Waste treatment methods		
Disposal operations:	Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal		
Biopooul opolutione.	company. MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL,		
	STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS		
Disposal of packaging:	Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe		
- opean at provide 3.	all federal, state and local environmental regulations.		
NB:	The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national		
	regulations regarding disposal.		
Section 14: Transport information			
14.1. UN number			
UN number:	UN3265		
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Shipping name:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
Transport class:	8		
14.4. Packing group			
Packing group:	11		
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Environmentally hazardous:	No Marine pollutant: No		
14.6. Special precautions for us	er		
Tunnel code:	F		
Transport category:			
Section 15: Regulatory informat			
15.1. Safety, health and environi	nental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
Specific regulations:			
15.2. Chemical Safety Assessme	ent		
Chemical safety assessment:	A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture		
	by the supplier.		
Section 16: Other information			
Other information			
Other information:	according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation		
	(EU) 2015/830		

PALMITOYL CHLORIDE

This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. \* Data predicted using computational software. The OECD QSAR-Toolbox for grouping chemicals into categories. Developed by LMC bulgaria. http://echa.europa.eu/support/oecd-gsar-toolbox ~ Data predicted using computational software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc\_admet/tox/tox/ Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H290: May be corrosive to metals. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Legal disclaimer: . The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of its publication, but should not be considered to be all inclusive. It should be used only as a guide for safe handling, storage, transportation and disposal. We cannot guarantee that the hazards detailed in this document are the only hazards that exist for this product. This is not a warranty and Apollo Scientific Ltd shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.