

2,6-DICHLOROANILINE

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Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: 2,6-DICHLOROANILINE

CAS number: 608-31-1

EINECS number: 210-160-5

Index number: 612-010-00-8

Product code: OR0038

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd

Units 3 & 4
Parkway
Denton
Manchester
M34 3SG
UK

Tel: 0161 337 9971 **Fax:** 0161 336 6932

Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CHIP: T: R23/24/25; Xn: R33; N: R50/53

Classification under CLP: Acute Tox. 3: H301+311+331; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; STOT RE 2: H373; Aquatic Acute

1: H400

Most important adverse effects: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Danger of cumulative effects.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements under CLP:

Hazard statements: H301+311+331: Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Signal words: Danger

Hazard pictograms: GHS06: Skull and crossbones

GHS08: Health hazard GHS09: Environmental







Precautionary statements: P260: Do not breathe dust.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Label elements under CHIP:

Hazard symbols: Dangerous for the environment.

Toxic.





Risk phrases: R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R33: Danger of cumulative effects.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Safety phrases: S22: Do not breathe dust.

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye / face protection.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: 2,6-DICHLOROANILINE

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still

on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist

examination.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water

to drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if

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necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide

oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain

may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption

through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the

surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Toxic. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Nitrogen

oxides (NOx). Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside do not approach from

downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not

attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Do not

create dust.

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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific

substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an

appropriate method.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.

Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Only use in fume hood.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. The floor of the storage

room must be impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: Not applicable.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. The floor of the storage room must be

impermeable to prevent the escape of liquids.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Particle

filter class P1 (EN143).

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side-shields. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

Skin protection: Protective clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Powder
Colour: Beige

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

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Boiling point/range °C: 228

Melting point/range °C: 35-38

Relative density: 1.28

9.2. Other information

Other information: Not applicable.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides

(NOx). Hydrogen chloride (HCI).

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 3)	INH DRM ING	Based on test data
STOT-repeated exposure	-	Based on test data

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain

may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption

through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

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Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: Not applicable.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic organisms. Toxic to soil organisms.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND

FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe

all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN3442

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: DICHLOROANILINES, SOLID

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 6.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group: ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes

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14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.

Tunnel code: D/E Transport category: 2

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

Section 16: Other information

Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

> * Data predicted using computational software. Toxtree - Toxic Hazard Estimation by decision tree approach. http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/gsar/gsar-tools/index.php? c=TOXTREE

~ Data predicted using computatioanl software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc admet/tox/tox/

Phrases used in s.2 and 3: H301+311+331: Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H373: May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

R23/24/25: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R33: Danger of cumulative effects.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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