

THIOLUTIN FROM STREPTOMYCES LUTEOSPOREUS

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Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: THIOLUTIN FROM STREPTOMYCES LUTEOSPOREUS

CAS number: 87-11-6

Product code: BIT1001

Synonyms: AUREOTHRICIN

FARCINICIN

PROPIOPYVOTHINE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd Units 3 & 4 Parkway Denton Manchester M34 3SG UK Tel: 0161 337 9971 Fax: 0161 336 6932 Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: -

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Acute Tox. 2: H300

Most important adverse effects: Fatal if swallowed.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H300: Fatal if swallowed.

Hazard pictograms: GHS06: Skull and crossbones



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Signal words: Danger

Precautionary statements: P260: Do not breathe dust.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: THIOLUTIN FROM STREPTOMYCES LUTEOSPOREUS

CAS number: 87-11-6

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid mea	asures
Skin contact:	Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.
	Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still
	on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.
Eye contact:	Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist
	examination.
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water
	to drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if
	necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer
	to hospital as soon as possible.
Inhalation:	Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If
	conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK,
	place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial
	respiration if necessary. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide
	oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
Skin contact:	There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain
	may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.
Eye contact:	There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.
Ingestion:	There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.
	Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.
Inhalation:	There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption
	through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.
	Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the

surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Toxic. In combustion emits toxic fumes. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Sulphur oxides (SOx).

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside do not approach from downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Do not create dust.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.

Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Only use in fume hood.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Light Sensitive. Store

at -20 ℃

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: No data available.

DNEL/PNEC Values

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures:	Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area.
Respiratory protection:	Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Particle
	filter class P1 (EN143).
Hand protection:	Protective gloves.
Eye protection:	Safety glasses with side-shields. Ensure eye bath is to hand.
Skin protection:	Protective clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties					
State:	Powder				
Colour:	Yellow				
Evaporation rate:	No data available.				
Oxidising:	No data available.				
Solubility in water:	Insoluble				
Also soluble in:	Dimethylsulfoxide.	. Ethanol. Petroleum ether.			
Viscosity:	No data available.				
Boiling point/range °C:	No data available.	Melting point/range °C:	281-285		
Flammability limits %: lower:	No data available.	upper:	No data available.		
Flash point °C:	No data available.	Part.coeff. n-octanol/water:	No data available.		
Autoflammability °C:	No data available.	Vapour pressure:	No data available.		
Relative density:	No data available.	pH:	No data available.		
VOC g/I:	No data available.				

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

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10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Light.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides

(NOx). Sulphur oxides (SOx)

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicity values:

Route	Species	Test	Value	Units
ORAL	mouse	LD50	25	mg/kg

Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis	
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 2)	ING	Hazardous: calculated	

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: No data available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

 Disposal operations:
 MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS

 Disposal of packaging:
 Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

 NB:
 The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN2811

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 6.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group: ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No

Marine pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Tunnel code: D/E

Transport category: 2

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier. Section 16: Other information Other information Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830. * Data predicted using computational software. The OECD QSAR-Toolbox for grouping chemicals into categories. Developed by LMC bulgaria. http://echa.europa.eu/support/oecd-qsar-toolbox ~ Data predicted using computational software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc admet/tox/tox/ Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H300: Fatal if swallowed. Legal disclaimer: .The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of its publication, but should not be considered to be all inclusive. It should be used only as a guide for safe handling, storage, transportation and disposal. We cannot guarantee that the hazards detailed in this document are the only hazards that exist for this product. This is not a warranty and Apollo Scientific Ltd shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.