

Apollo Scientific

Part Number: **BIA0881** Version No: **1.1**

Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Annex II of REACH (1907/2006) - Regulation 2020/878)

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**S.REACH.GBR.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product name	PC BioChemica		
Chemical Name	pyrocarbonate		
Synonyms	Not Available		
Chemical formula	C6-H10-O5		
Other means of identification	Available		
CAS number	1609-47-8		
EC number	216-542-8		

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Not Available
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	pollo Scientific		
Address	Whitefield Road, Bredbury SK62QR United Kingdom		
Telephone	01614060505		
Fax	1 406 0506		
Website	ttp://www.apolloscientific.co.uk/		
Email	sales@apolloscientific.co.uk		

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments [1]

H335 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3, H302 - Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, H315 - Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H319 - Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, H351 - Carcinogenicity Category 2

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

Legend:

1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H335	ay cause respiratory irritation.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.	

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201	ain special instructions before use.		
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.		
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.		
P261	id breathing mist/vapours/spray.		
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.		
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.		

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.			
P305+P351+P338	NEYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.			
P337+P313	ve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.			
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider if you feel unwell.			
P302+P352	N SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.			
P304+P340	F INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.			
P330	Rinse mouth.			
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.			
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.			

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405	Store locked up.		
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

REACH - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

3.1.Substances

1. CAS No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to regulation (EC)	SCL/	Nanoform Particle
-----------	-----------	------	---	------	-------------------

Part Number: BIA0881 Version No: 1.1

Page 3 of 12

DEPC BioChemica

Issue Date: 16/09/2022 Print Date: 28/07/2023

2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No			No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments	M-Factor	Characteristics
Not Available	100	DEPC BioChemica	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Available

Legend:

1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 3. Classification drawn from C&L; * EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

3.2.Mixtures

See 'Information on ingredients' in section 3.1

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- ▶ Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ► BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
- ▶ Water spray or fog Large fires only.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. Fire Fighting Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools. ▶ DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. • Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Combustible. ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. ▶ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Fire/Explosion Hazard ▶ On combustion, may emit irritating/ toxic fumes. May emit acrid smoke. Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Part Number: **BIA0881**Version No: **1.1**

Page **4** of **12**

DEPC BioChemica

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. Wipe up. Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Increase ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite. Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling. Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite. Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
	Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
	▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.
	▶ Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
	DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.
	▶ Avoid smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
	Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Safe handling	• When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
	▶ Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
	Avoid physical damage to containers.
	 Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
	Work clothes should be laundered separately.
	▶ Use good occupational work practice.
	 Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
	Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions.
Fire and explosion	See section 5
protection	Get sealer 9
	► Store in original containers.
	▶ Keep containers securely sealed.
	▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.
Other information	▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
	 Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
	Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- ► Metal can or drum
- Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
- ► Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Version No: 1.1

Part Number: BIA0881

DEPC BioChemica

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

Storage incompatibility	Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed. None known
Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Not Available
Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of	Not Available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient	DNELs Exposure Pattern Worker	PNECs Compartment
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

^{*} Values for General Population

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Not Available						

Not Applicable

Emergency Limits

TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
	Not Available	Not Available Not Available	Not Available Not Available

DEPC BioChemica Not Available	Not Available

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

Type of Contaminant:	Air Speed:
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air)	0.25-0.5 m/s (50-100 f/min)
aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min)

Part Number: BIA0881 Version No: 1.1

Page 6 of 12 DEPC BioChemica

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).

2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range
1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents
2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only	2: Contaminants of high toxicity
3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use
4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood - local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment









- Safety glasses with side shields
- ► Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]

Eye and face protection

Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].

Skin protection

Hands/feet protection

See Hand protection below

Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include:

- · frequency and duration of contact,
- · chemical resistance of glove material,
- · glove thickness and
- dexterity

Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent).

- · When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
- · When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
- · Some glove polymer types are less affected by movement and this should be taken into account when considering gloves for
- · Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

As defined in ASTM F-739-96 in any application, gloves are rated as:

- \cdot Excellent when breakthrough time > 480 min
- · Good when breakthrough time > 20 min
- Fair when breakthrough time < 20 min
- Poor when glove material degrades

For general applications, gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm, are recommended.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task. Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there

2 Issue Date: 16/09/2022 Print Date: 28/07/2023

	is abrasion or puncture potential Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Overalls. Barrier cream. Eyewash unit.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Odour Not Available Explosive properties Not Available Not Available Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Not Available Not Available Oxidising properties Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Not Available PH as a solution (1%) Not Available	Appearance	Not Available		
Odour Not Available Odour threshold Not Available	••			
Odour Not Available n-octanol / water Not Available Odour threshold Not Available Auto-ignition temperature (°C) Not Available pH (as supplied) Not Available Decomposition temperature (°C) Not Available Melting point / freezing point (°C) Not Available Viscosity (cSt) Not Available Initial boiling point and boiling point and boiling range (°C) 69 Taste Not Available Flash point (°C) 69 Taste Not Available Evaporation rate Not Available Explosive properties Not Available Flammability Combustible. Oxidising properties Not Available Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) Not Available Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Gas group Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available Not Available Not Available Nanoform Solubility Not Available Nanoform Particle Not Available	Physical state	Liquid	• •	Not Available
Not Available Not Availabl	Odour	Not Available		Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C) Mot Available Molecular weight (g/mol) Not Available Evaporation rate Not Available Flammability Combustible. Oxidising properties Not Available Not Available Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available	Odour threshold	Not Available	•	Not Available
Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available	pH (as supplied)	Not Available	•	Not Available
boiling range (°C) 160-163 Molecular weight (g/mol) Not Available Flash point (°C) 69 Taste Not Available Evaporation rate Not Available Explosive properties Not Available Flammability Combustible. Oxidising properties Not Available Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Solubility in water Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available	• •	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Evaporation rate Not Available Explosive properties Not Available Flammability Combustible. Oxidising properties Not Available Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Gas group Not Available Solubility in water Not Available pH as a solution (1%) Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available Not Available		160-163	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flammability Combustible. Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Not Available Solubility in water Not Available Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available	Flash point (°C)	69	Taste	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) Not Available Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Gas group Not Available Solubility in water Not Available pH as a solution (1%) Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available VOC g/L Not Available Nanoform Solubility Not Available Nanoform Particle Not Available	Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%) Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Solubility in water Not Available PH as a solution (1%) Not Available VOC g/L Not Available	Flammability	Combustible.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa) Not Available Gas group Not Available Solubility in water Not Available pH as a solution (1%) Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available VOC g/L Not Available Nanoform Solubility Not Available Not Available	Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	• •	Not Available
Solubility in water Not Available pH as a solution (1%) Not Available Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available VOC g/L Not Available Nanoform Solubility Not Available Not Available	Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1) Not Available VOC g/L Not Available Nanoform Solubility Not Available Not Available Not Available	Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Nanoform Solubility Not Available Nanoform Particle Not Available	Solubility in water	Not Available	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Nanoform Solubility Not Available Not Available	Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Characteristics	Nanoform Solubility	Not Available		Not Available
Particle Size Not Available	Particle Size	Not Available		

9.2. Other information

Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2. Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2
10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.
Еуе	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

DEPC BioChemica	TOXICITY Oral (Cat) LD50; 100 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Not Available	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances		

Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	✓
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	~
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

→ − Data available to make classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	P	В	Т	
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
PBT	×	×	×	
vPvB	×	x	×	
PBT Criteria fulfilled?				
vPvB No				

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- ► Reduction
- ► Reuse
- ▶ Recycling
- Disposal (if all else fails)

Product / Packaging disposal

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- ▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Waste treatment options

Not Available

Sewage disposal options

Not Available

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

<u> </u>	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number or ID number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class Subsidiary risk	Not Applicable Not Applicable	

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
	Hazard identification (Kemler)	Not Applicable	
	Classification code	Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions	Hazard Label	Not Applicable	
for user	Special provisions	Not Applicable	
	Limited quantity	Not Applicable	
	Tunnel Restriction Code	Not Applicable	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable			
	ICAO/IATA Class Not Applicable			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable		
olass(cs)	ERG Code	Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	Special provisions		Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions		Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions		Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

• •	•		
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable		

Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable Not Applicable
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable

Part Number: BIA0881 Page **11** of **12** Issue Date: 16/09/2022 Version No: 1.1 Print Date: 28/07/2023

14.6.	Special precautions
	for user

Classification code	Not Applicable
Special provisions	Not Applicable
Limited quantity	Not Applicable
Equipment required	Not Applicable
Fire cones number	Not Applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable -: Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):

Seveso Category Not Available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

ECHA SUMMARY

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Not Available
Canada - DSL	Not Available
Canada - NDSL	Not Available
China - IECSC	Not Available
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Not Available
Japan - ENCS	Not Available
Korea - KECI	Not Available
New Zealand - NZIoC	Not Available
Philippines - PICCS	Not Available
USA - TSCA	Not Available
Taiwan - TCSI	Not Available
Mexico - INSQ	Not Available
Vietnam - NCI	Not Available
Russia - FBEPH	Not Available
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Version No: 1.1

Part Number: BIA0881

DEPC BioChemica

Issue Date: **16/09/2022**Print Date: **28/07/2023**

 Revision Date
 16/09/2022

 Initial Date
 16/09/2022

Full text Risk and Hazard codes

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

Definitions and abbreviations

PC - TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC - STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

Powered by AuthorITe, from Chemwatch.