

# **Apollo Scientific**

Part Number: OR318047	
Version No: 1.1	
Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Annex II of REACH (1907/2006) - Regulation 2020/878)	

# Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 11/05/2023 Print Date: 11/05/2023 S.REACH.GB-NIR.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

## 1.1. Product Identifier

Product name	2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-1H-indole
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	1049676-92-7*

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Not Available
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

## 1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Apollo Scientific Apollo Scientific Itd				Apollo Scientific Apollo Scientific Itd	
Address	Whitefield Road, Bredbury SK62QR United Kingdom Whitefield Road Not Available SK6 2QR United Kingdom (N					
Telephone	01614060505	+44(0) 161 406 0505				
Fax	0161 406 0506	Not Available				
Website	http://www.apolloscientific.co.uk/	apolloscientific.co.uk				
Email	sales@apolloscientific.co.uk	sales@apolloscientific.co.uk				

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to	H312 - Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4, H332 - Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, H335 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single
regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3, H302 - Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, H315 - Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H319 -
[CLP] and amendments <sup>[1]</sup>	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

## 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement(s)	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.

H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

## Supplementary Phrases

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fumes.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider if you feel unwell.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

REACH - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### 3.1.Substances

1.CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments	SCL / M-Factor	Nanoform Particle Characteristics
1.Not Available 2.Not Available 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	100	2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl- 1H-indole	Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1; H317 <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available	Not Available

Legend: 1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 3. Classification drawn from C&L; \* EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

## 3.2.Mixtures

See 'Information on ingredients' in section 3.1

## **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	<ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: <ul> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>

Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Non combustible.</li> <li>Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.</li> <li>May emit corrosive fumes.</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing, gloves, safety glasses and dust respirator.</li> <li>Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.</li> <li>Sweep up, shovel up or</li> <li>Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).</li> <li>Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>CAUTION: Advise personnel in area.</li> <li>Alert Emergency Services and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Control personal contact by wearing protective clothing.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Recover product wherever possible.</li> <li>IF DRY: Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Collect residues and place in sealed plastic bags or other containers for disposal. IF WET: Vacuum/shovel up and place in labelled containers for disposal.</li> <li>ALWAYS: Wash area down with large amounts of water and prevent runoff into drains.</li> <li>If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise Emergency Services.</li> </ul>

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## SECTION 7 Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> </ul>
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	Use in a well-ventilated area.
	Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
	DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.
	DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.
	Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
	When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.
	Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
	Avoid physical damage to containers.
	Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
	Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
	Use good occupational work practice.
	Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
	Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.
Fire and explosion protection	See section 5
Fire and explosion protection	
Fire and explosion protection	Store in original containers.
Fire and explosion protection	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> </ul>
Fire and explosion protection	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes.</li> </ul>
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## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Suitable container	<ul> <li>Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can.</li> <li>Plastic pail.</li> <li>Polyliner drum.</li> <li>Packing as recommended by manufacturer.</li> <li>Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul>	
Storage incompatibility	<ul> <li>Light Sensitive</li> <li>Air Sensitive</li> <li>Store under Argon</li> <li>Store at 2-8°C</li> </ul>	
Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Not Available	
Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of	Not Available	

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

## **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient	DNELs Exposure Pattern Worker	PNECs Compartment
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

\* Values for General Population

# Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

## INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Not Available						

Not Applicable

## Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-1H-indole	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-1H-indole	Not Available		Not Available	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appro	opriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

	The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job acti Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilatio ventilation system must match the particular process and c Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to pr Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are f proportion will be powdered by mutual friction. If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of Such protection might consist of: (a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with ar (b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of (c): fresh-air hoods or masks. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varyi circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant	a selected hazard 'physically' awa n can remove or dilute an air conta themical or contaminant in use. revent employee overexposure. nandled as powders or crystals; event the substance in air could occur, re n absorption cartridge; the right type; ing 'escape' velocities which, in tur	y from the worker and ver minant if designed proper en when particulates are r espiratory protection shou	ly. The design of a relatively large, a certain ld be considered.
	Type of Contaminant:			Air Speed:
	direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, generation into zone of rapid air motion)	, conveyer loading, crusher dusts,	gas discharge (active	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)
	grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel ge very high rapid air motion).	enerated dusts (released at high in	itial velocity into zone of	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)
	Within each range the appropriate value depends on:			
	Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range		
	1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents		
	2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxicity		
	3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use		
	4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only		
8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal	with the square of distance from the extraction point (in sim accordingly, after reference to distance from the contamina 4-10 m/s (800-2000 f/min) for extraction of crusher dusts gr producing performance deficits within the extraction appara more when extraction systems are installed or used.	ting source. The air velocity at the enerated 2 metres distant from the	extraction fan, for exampl extraction point. Other me	e, should be a minimum of echanical considerations,
Eye and face protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles.</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and ar their removal and suitable equipment should be readily remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens shou a clean environment only after workers have washed h national equivalent]</li> </ul>	created for each workplace or tash n account of injury experience. Mer v available. In the event of chemica uld be removed at the first signs of	c. This should include a redical and first-aid personn Il exposure, begin eye irrig eye redness or irritation -	view of lens absorption el should be trained in gation immediately and lens should be removed ir
Skin protection	See Hand protection below			
Hands/feet protection	The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of seve and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obter making a final choice. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Of washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfume Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage if requency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness and deterity. Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or nation withen only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protect 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recomment. Some glove polymer types are less affected by movement of Contaminated gloves should be replaced. As defined in ASTM F-739-96 in any application, gloves are Excellent when breakthrough time > 20 min Fair when breakthrough time > 20 min Poor when glove material degrades For general applications, gloves with a thickness typically gradement of the set of the	ral substances, the resistance of the ained from the manufacturer of the Gloves must only be worn on clean ad moisturiser is recommended. ge. Important factors in the selection rr, a glove with a protection class of al equivalent) is recommended. ction class of 3 or higher (breakthro ended. t and this should be taken into acc e rated as:	ne glove material can not l protective gloves and have hands. After using gloves on of gloves include: r national equivalent). f 5 or higher (breakthroug bugh time greater than 60 ount when considering glo	be calculated in advance s to be observed when s, hands should be h time greater than 240 minutes according to EN

	<ul> <li>data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.</li> <li>Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example: <ul> <li>Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.</li> <li>Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential</li> <li>Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present. <ul> <li>polychloroprene.</li> <li>nitrile rubber.</li> <li>fluorocaoutchouc.</li> <li>polyvinyl chloride.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Gloves should be examined for wear and/ or degradation constantly.</li> </ul>
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	<ul> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>P.V.C apron.</li> <li>Barrier cream.</li> <li>Skin cleansing cream.</li> <li>Eye wash unit.</li> </ul>

#### Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

'Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'.

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the computergenerated selection:

2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-1H-indole

Material	CPI
PE/EVAL/PE	A

\* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final

selection must be based on detailed observation. -

\* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Type -P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	P1 Air-line*	-	PAPR-P1 -
up to 50 x ES	Air-line**	P2	PAPR-P2
up to 100 x ES	-	P3	-
		Air-line*	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	PAPR-P3

\* - Negative pressure demand \*\* - Continuous flow

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

· Respirators may be necessary when engineering and administrative controls do not adequately prevent exposures.

· The decision to use respiratory protection should be based on professional judgment that takes into account toxicity information, exposure measurement data, and frequency and likelihood of the worker's exposure - ensure users are not subject to high thermal loads which may result in heat stress or distress due to personal protective equipment (powered, positive flow, full face apparatus may be an option).

Published occupational exposure limits, where they exist, will assist in determining the adequacy of the selected respiratory protection. These may be government mandated or vendor recommended.

· Certified respirators will be useful for protecting workers from inhalation of particulates when properly selected and fit tested as part of a complete respiratory protection program.

· Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU)

· Use approved positive flow mask if significant quantities of dust becomes airborne.

· Try to avoid creating dust conditions

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

## **SECTION 9** Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available

Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Not Available	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Nanoform Solubility	Not Available	Nanoform Particle Characteristics	Not Available
Particle Size	Not Available		

## 9.2. Other information

Not Available

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2. Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2
10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.			
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.			
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.			
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.			
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to p models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should b			health (as classified by EC Directives using animal
2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-	тохісіту	IRRITATI	ON	
1H-indole	Not Available Not Available			
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Sub specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of To			ined from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinoge	nicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproduc	tivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exp	osure	✓
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exp	osure	×

Mutagenicity 🗙

Aspiration Hazard

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
→ − Data available to make classification

×

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

## 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

#### 11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

## **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
1H-indole	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:		Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Regist		•	
	,	Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Ha	azard Assessment Data 6. I	VITE (Japan) - Bioconcentra	ation Data 7. METI (Japan)
	- Bioconcentration Data 8.	Vendor Data			

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient P	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
N	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients
10.4 Mehility in seil	
12.4. Mobility in soil	

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	Р	В	т	
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Av	vailable
PBT	×	×	×	
vPvB	×	×	×	
PBT Criteria fulfilled?			No	
vPvB				No

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

.. . ...

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Product / Packaging disposal	<ul> <li>Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.</li> <li>Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.</li> <li>Bury residue in an authorised landfill.</li> <li>Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.</li> </ul>	
Waste treatment options	Not Available	
Sewage disposal options	Not Available	

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

# Labels Required Marine Pollutant NO HAZCHEM Not Applicable

## Land transport (ADR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number or ID number	Not Applicable			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class Not Applicat Subsidiary risk Not Applicat			
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	Hazard identification (Kemler)	Not Applicable		
	Classification code	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for	Hazard Label	Not Applicable		
user	Special provisions	Not Applicable		
	Limited quantity	Not Applicable		
	Tunnel Restriction Code	Not Applicable		

## Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable				
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable				
14.3. Transport hazard	ICAO/IATA Class	Not Applicable			
class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable			
	ERG Code Not Applicable				
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable				
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable				
	Special provisions		Not Applicable		
	Cargo Only Packing Ir	structions	Not Applicable		
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions		Not Applicable		
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable		
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions		Not Applicable		
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable		

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		lot Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	Not Applicable       Not Applicable       Not Applicable		

## Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable No	ot Applicable
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable	
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Classification code Special provisions Limited quantity Equipment required	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

Fire cones number Not Applicable

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

#### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-1H-indole	Not Available

#### 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
2-tert-Butyl-6-methyl-1H-indole	Not Available

## SECTION 15 Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

#### Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):

Seveso Category Not Available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

## ECHA SUMMARY

Not Applicable

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	Yes
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	11/05/2023
Initial Date	11/05/2023

## Full text Risk and Hazard codes

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered. For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

#### Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances NLP: No-Longer Polymers ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas NCI: National Chemical Inventory FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments	Classification Procedure
Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4, H312	Expert judgement
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, H332	Expert judgement
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3, H335	Expert judgement
Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, H302	Expert judgement
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H315	Expert judgement
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, H319	Expert judgement

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